#### IS4300: HCI

Prototyping<br/>Spring 2013

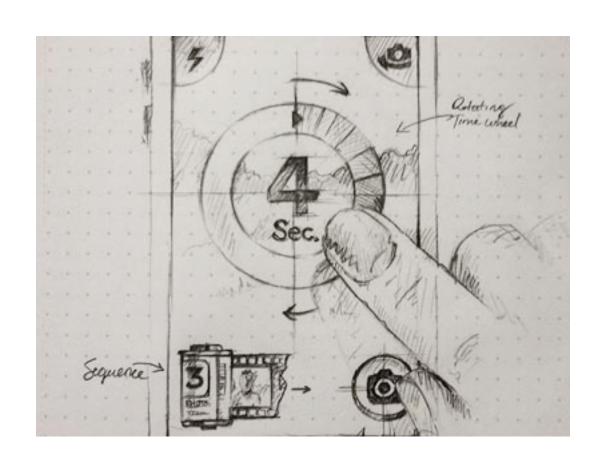
## Today's Agenda

- Lecture on prototyping
- Prototyping exercise

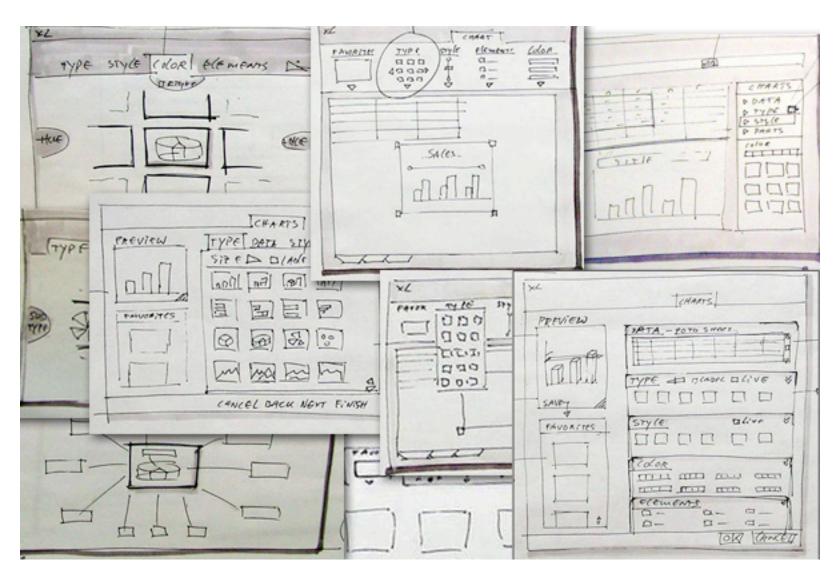
## Prototyping principles

- A prototype exists to answer a question then be thrown away.
- A prototype is not your final product.

## Screen sketches



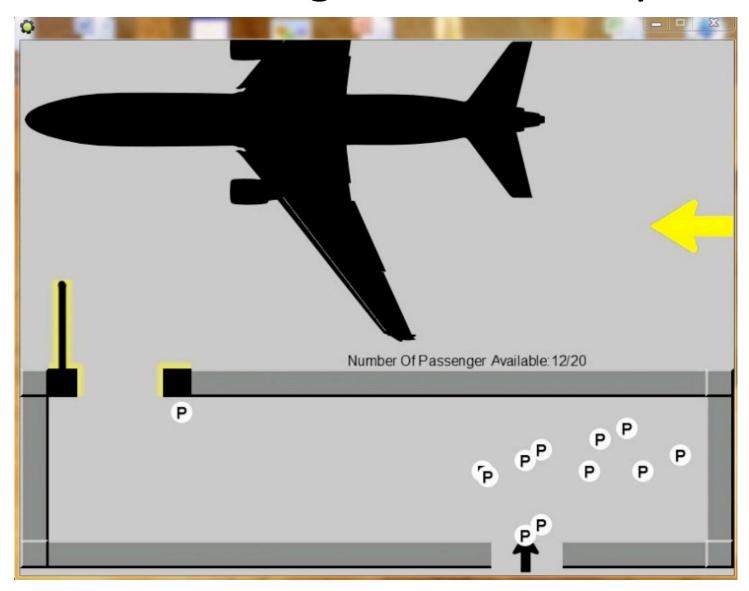
#### Screen Sketches



# Powerpoint decks



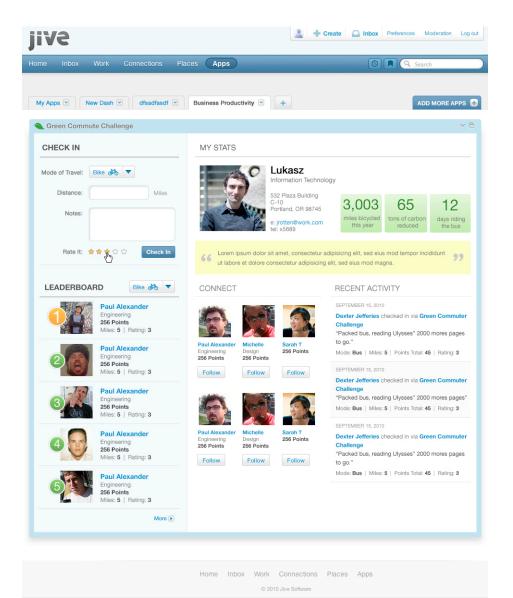
### Video simulating the use of a system



# cardboard mock-up



# Software with limited functionality



#### Wooden or 3D Printed Form Factors

(e.g., GameStick)



### Why Prototype?

The goal of prototyping is to resolve uncertainty about

- functional and user requirements
- operation sequences
- user support needs
- required representations
- "Look and Feel" of the interface
- appropriateness of the design

### Different kinds of prototyping

"Throw away" prototyping (a.k.a. "rapid prototyping")

- used exclusively in requirements gathering
   Incremental prototyping
- not actually prototyping at all, but the delivery of prioritized functions incrementally to a single, overall design

Evolutionary prototyping (a.k.a "Rapid Application Development, RAD)

as for incremental prototyping but with evolving design

### Paper prototyping

http://www.youtube.com/watch?
v=GrV2SZuRPv0

http://www.youtube.com/watch?
v=9wQkLthhHKA

# Paper prototyping activity