WirelessNetworks: TransportProtocols

| Motivation | ΩF |
|----------------|----|
| TCP-mechanisms | ٦ |

- IndirectTCP
- □ SnoopingTCP
- □ MobileTCP

- Fastretransmit/recovery
- Transmissionfreezing
- □ Selectiveretransmission
- TransactionorientedTCP

10

AdaptedfromJ.Schiller, "MobileCommunications", Chapter

WirelessNetworks:TransportProtocols

MotivationI

Transportprotocolstypicallydesignedfor

- Fixedend -systems
- □ Fixed,wirednetworks

Researchactivities

- □ Performance
- Congestioncontrol
- □ Efficientretransmissions
- **TCPcongestioncontrol**
 - packetlossinfixednetworkstypicallydueto(temporary)overl oad situations
 - routerhavetodiscardpacketsassoonasthebuffersarefull
 - TCPrecognizescongestiononlyindirectviamissing acknowledgements, retransmissionsunwise, they would only contribute to the congestion and make it even worse
 - slow-startalgorithmasreaction

MotivationII

TCPslow -startalgorithm

- sendercalculatesacongestionwindowforareceiver
- startwithacongestionwindowsizeequaltoonesegment
- exponentialincreaseofthecongestionwindowuptothecongesti on threshold,thenlinearincrease
- missingacknowledgementcausesthereductionofthecongestion thresholdtoonehalfofthecurrentcongestionwindow
- congestionwindowstartsagainwithonesegment

TCPfastretransmit/fastrecovery

- TCPsendsanacknowledgementonlyafterreceivingapacket
- ifasenderreceivesseveralacknowledgementsforthesame packet, this is due to agap in received packets at the receiver
- however, there ceiver got all packets up to the gap and is actual lly receivingpackets
- therefore, packet loss is not due to congestion, continue with currentcongestionwindow(donotuseslow -start)

WirelessNetworks:TransportProtocols

InfluencesofmobilityonTCP -mechanisms

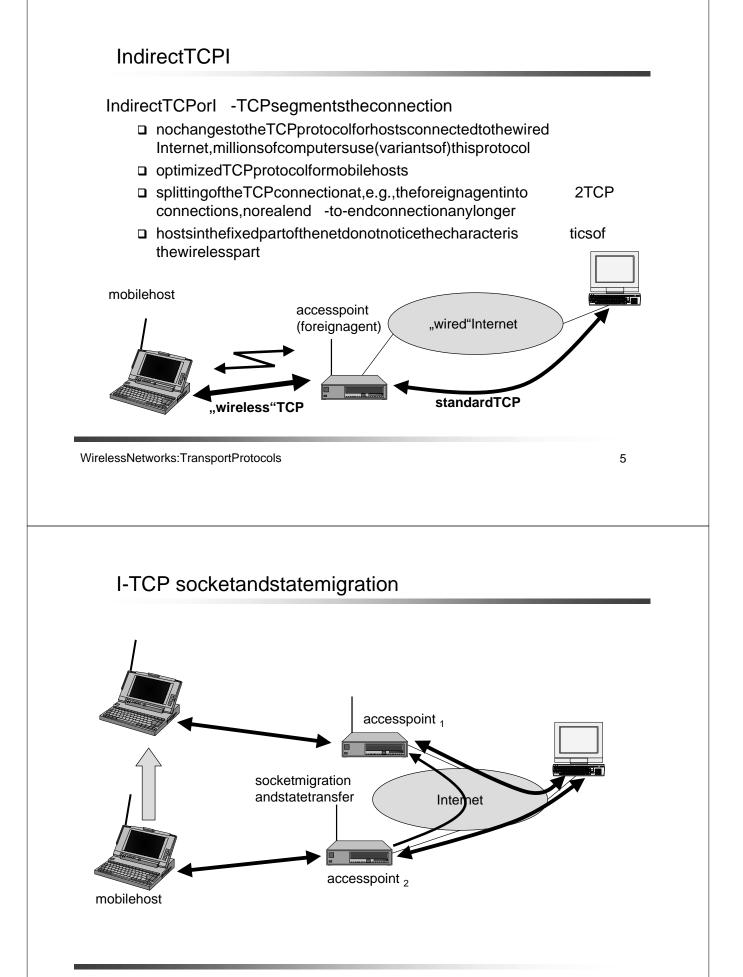
TCPassumescongestionifpacketsaredropped

- typicallywronginwirelessnetworks,hereweoftenhavepacket lossdueto transmissionerrors
- □ furthermore, *mobility* itselfcancausepacketloss, ife.g. amobile noderoamsfromoneaccesspoint(e.g.foreignagentinMobile) toanotherwhiletherearestillpacketsintransittothewrong accesspointandforwardingisnotpossible

P)

TheperformanceofanunchangedTCPdegradesseverely

- however,TCPcannotbechangedfundamentallyduetothelarge baseofinstallationinthefixednetwork,TCPformobilityhas to remaincompatible
- thebasicTCPmechanismskeepthewholeInternettogether



IndirectTCPII

Advantages

| ////// | hages | |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|
| | nochangesinthefixednetworknecessary,nochangesfortheho (TCPprotocol)necessary,allcurrentoptimizationstoTCPstill | sts work |
| | transmissionerrorsonthewirelesslinkdonotpropagateintot network | hefixed |
| | simpletocontrol, mobileTCP is used only for one hop between, afore ignagent and mobile host | e.g., |
| | therefore,averyfastretransmissionofpacketsispossible,th delayonthemobilehopisknown | eshort |
| Disad | vantages | |
| | lossofend -to-endsemantics,anacknowledgementtoasender nownotanylongermeanthatareceiverreallygotapacket,for agentsmightcrash | does eign |
| | higherlatencypossibleduetobufferingofdatawithinthefore agentandforwardingtoanewforeignagent | ign |
| WirelessNetw | vorks:TransportProtocols | 7 |
| Sno | opingTCPI | |
| "Trans | sparent"extensionofTCPwithintheforeignagent | |
| | bufferingofpacketssenttothemobilehost | |
| | lostpacketsonthewirelesslink(bothdirections!)willbe retransmittedimmediatelybythemobilehostorforeignagent, respectively(socalled"local"retransmission) | |
| ٦ | theforeignagenttherefore"snoops"thepacketflowandrecogni acknowledgementsinbothdirections,italsofilters ACKs | zes |
| | changesofTCPonlywithintheforeignagent(+min.MHchange) | |
| | localretransmission agent ,wired"Internet | correspondent host |
| mobile | snoopingof ACKs 📥 bufferingofdata | |
| host | | |

SnoopingTCPII

Datatransfertothemobilehost

- FAbuffersdatauntilitreceivesACKoftheMH,FAdetectspack et lossviaduplicated ACKs ortime -out
- □ fastretransmissionpossible,transparentforthefixednetwork
- Datatransferfromthemobilehost
 - FAdetectspacketlossonthewirelesslinkviasequencenumbers FAanswersdirectlywithaNACKtotheMH
 - MHcannowretransmitdatawithonlyaveryshortdelay

IntegrationoftheMAClayer

- MAClayeroftenhassimilarmechanismstothoseofTCP
- thus,theMAClayercanalreadydetectduplicatedpacketsdueto retransmissionsanddiscardthem

Problems

- snoopingTCPdoesnotisolatethewirelesslinkasgoodasl
- snoopingmightbeuselessdependingonencryptionschemes

WirelessNetworks:TransportProtocols

MobileTCP

Specialhandlingoflengthyand/orfrequentdisconnections

M-TCPsplitsasI -TCPdoes

- unmodifiedTCPfixednetworktosupervisoryhost(SH)
- optimizedTCPSHtoMH

Supervisoryhost

- nocaching,noretransmission
- monitorsallpackets,ifdisconnectiondetected
 - setsenderwindowsizeto0
 - senderautomaticallygoesintopersistentmode
- oldornewSHreopenthewindow

Advantages

maintainssemantics, supports disconnection, nobuffer forward in g

Disadvantages

- Iossonwirelesslinkpropagatedintofixednetwork
- adaptedTCPonwirelesslink

10.8.1

Changeofforeignagentoftenresultsinpacketloss TCPreactswithslow -startalthoughthereisnocongestion Forcedfastretransmit assoonasthemobilehosthasregisteredwithanewforeignage nt, theMHsendsduplicatedacknowledgementsonpurpose thisforcesthefastretransmitmodeatthecommunicationpartne rs additionally,theTCPontheMHisforcedtocontinuesendingwi th theactualwindowsizeandnottogointoslow -startafter registration Advantage □ simplechangesresultinsignificanthigherperformance Disadvantage furthermixofIPandTCP(toknowwhenthereisanew registration), notransparentapproach WirelessNetworks:TransportProtocols 10.10.1 11 Transmission/time-outfreezing Mobilehostscanbedisconnectedforalongertime nopacketexchangepossible,e.g.,inatunnel,disconnectiondu е tooverloadedcellsor mux.withhigherprioritytraffic □ TCPdisconnectsaftertime -outcompletely **TCPfreezing** MAClayerisoftenabletodetectinterruptioninadvance MACcaninformTCPlayerofupcominglossofconnection

- **TCP**stopssending,butdoesnownotassumeacongestedlink
- MAClayersignalsagainifreconnected
- Advantage
 - schemeisindependentofdataandTCPmechanisms(Ack,SN)=> worksevenwith IPsec
- Disadvantage
 - TCPonmobilehosthastobechanged,mechanismdependson MAClayer

TCPacknowledgementsareoftencumulative

- ACKnacknowledgescorrectandin -sequencereceiptofpackets upton
- ifsinglepacketsaremissingquiteoftenawholepacketsequenc
 beginningatthegaphastoberetransmitted(go -back-n),thus
 wastingbandwidth

Selectiveretransmissionasonesolution

- RFC2018allowsforacknowledgementsofsinglepackets,notonly acknowledgementsofin -sequencepacketstreamswithoutgaps
- sendercannowretransmitonlythemissingpackets

Advantage

muchhigherefficiency

Disadvantage

morecomplexsoftwareinareceiver,morebufferneededatthe receiver

WirelessNetworks:TransportProtocols

TransactionorientedTCP

TCPphases

- connectionsetup,datatransmission,connectionrelease
- using3 -way-handshakeneeds3packetsforsetupandrelease, respectively
- Lathus, even short messages need a minimum of 7 packets!

TransactionorientedTCP

- □ RFC1644,T -TCP,describesaTCPversiontoavoidthisoverhead
- connectionsetup,datatransferandconnectionreleasecanbe combined
- □ thus,only2or3packetsareneeded

Advantage

□ efficiency

Disadvantage

- □ requireschangedTCP
- mobilitynotlongertransparent

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$Comparison of different approaches for a ``mobile" {\sf TCP}$

| Approach | Mechanism | Advantages | Disadvantages |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| IndirectTCP | splitsTCPconnection intotwoconnections | isolationofwireless link,simple | lossofTCPsemantics, higherlatencyat handover |
| SnoopingTCP | "snoops"dataand acknowledgements,local retransmission | transparentforend-to- endconnection,MAC integrationpossible | problematicwith encryption,badisolation ofwirelesslink |
| M-TCP | splitsTCPconnection, chokessendervia windowsize | Maintainsend-to-end semantics,handles longtermandfrequent disconnections | Badisolationofwireless link,processing overheaddueto bandwidthmanagement |
| Fastretransmit/ fastrecovery | avoidsslow-startafter roaming | simpleandefficient | mixedlayers,not transparent |
| Transmission/ time-outfreezing | freezesTCPstateat disconnect,resumes afterreconnection | independentofcontent orencryption,worksfor longerinterrupts | changesinTCP required,MAC dependant |
| Selective retransmission | retransmitonlylostdata | veryefficient | slightlymorecomplex receiversoftware,more bufferneeded |
| Transaction orientedTCP | combineconnection setup/releaseanddata transmission | Efficientforcertain applications | changesinTCP required,nottransparent |

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